

## *Germany and the Middle East, 1871-1945*

Wolfgang G. Schwanitz (ed.):

Germany and the Middle East, 1871-1945

### Contents

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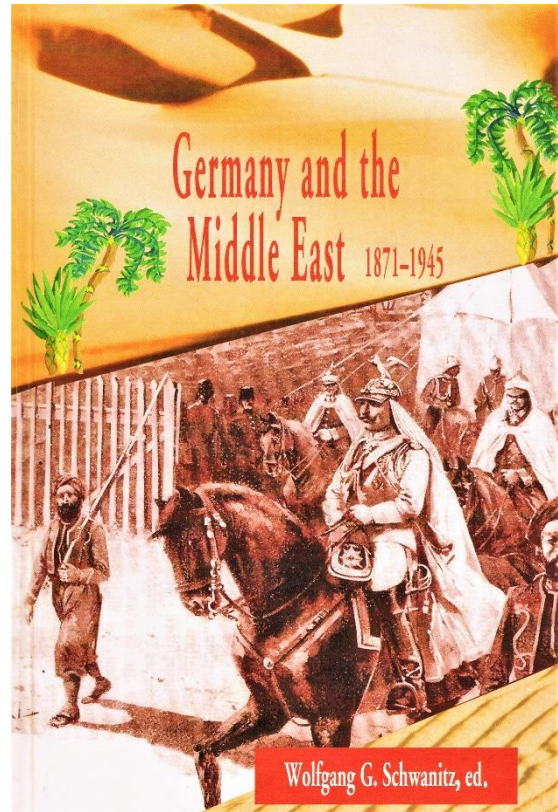
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Before World War II, Germany intended Italy to be the main organizing power in the Middle East, replacing British and French rule. A Greater Arabia was to be set up under the influence of the Axis powers of Germany, Italy, and Japan. But initial German victories in the war, particularly the fall of Paris, changed everything. Now the Middle East became a potential battlefield at the crossroads between Asia, Africa, and Europe.

For instance, Ankara sent Berlin essential raw materials for its war industry like chrome ore, and it was where the Nazis sold looted gold (mainly confiscated from Jews) for foreign currency. As in World War I, the Germans tried to incite Arab populations to jihad against the allied nations. As the war against the USSR dragged on and the tactics of "Blitzkrieg" failed, the Middle East became more and more important for the Nazis.

After the fall of Moscow they regarded this region as the next main battleground for crushing the British Empire, as Adolf Hitler revealed to the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem in late 1941, adding that after his victory against the Russians he would pursue the Jews in the Middle East as he was doing already in occupied Europe.

New historical studies about Germany and Afghanistan, the relations between Berlin and Riyadh, German archeological research, Arab inmates in Nazi concentration camps, German Middle Eastern paradigms and prominent Germans like Dr. Fritz Grobba, Franz von Papen, and Oskar Ritter von Niedermayer provide here deep in-sights into that period and region of world history.

This collection of essays that was developed from a special issue of the Princeton Papers in Middle Eastern Studies, includes also selected historical maps, pictures and documents, some of which are published here for the first time. The contributions to this volume are as follows:

## *Germany and the Middle East, 1871-1945*

Wolfgang G. Schwanitz: *The German Middle Eastern Policy, 1871-1945*

Thomas L. Hughes: *The German Mission to Afghanistan, 1915-1916*

Hans-Ulrich Seidt: *"When Continents Awake, Island Empires Fall!": Germany and the Destabilization of the East, 1919-1922*

Wolfgang G. Schwanitz: *The Jinnee and the Magic Bottle: Dr. Fritz Grobba and the German Middle Eastern Policy, 1900-1945*

Uwe Pfullmann: *German-Saudi Relations and Their Actors on the Arabian Peninsula, 1924-39*

Stefan R. Hauser: *German Research on the Ancient Near East and its Relation to Political and Economic Interests from Kaiserreich to World War II*

Karl-Heinz Roth: *Berlin-Ankara-Baghdad: Franz von Papen and the German Near Eastern Policy during the Second World War*

Gerhard Höpp: *In the Shadow of the Moon: Arab Inmates in Nazi Concentration Camps*

